

NEW BUILDINGS  
ARE DEDICATEDNotable Event in Connection  
With Meeting of Hebrew  
Congregations.

Cincinnati, O., January 22.—Probably the most notable event of the twenty-third biennial session of the Council of American Hebrew Congregations took place today when the new buildings of the Hebrew Union College in this city were dedicated, and more than 150,000 people gathered to witness the ceremony.

The dedication ceremonies began with a procession of the executive boards of the union, the board of governors, the faculty of the college and the student body. Significantly, the Hebrew Union College in this city was dedicated, and more than 150,000 people gathered to witness the ceremony.

Among those who contributed to the \$100,000 fund were: Jacob Schiff, New York, \$20,000; Julius Rosenwald, Chicago, \$10,000; W. L. Solomon, New York, \$10,000; Adolph S. Ochs, New York, \$10,000; A. G. Becker, Chicago, \$5,000; Maurice Hexter, New York, \$5,000; and a large number of contributions ranging from \$50 to \$1,000.

COTTON TARIFF  
WILL BE REDUCED

(Continued from First Page.)

and that they would offer a substantial economy in the cost of living. The Republican minority denies these contentions.

John H. Pedden, of New York, a cotton glove manufacturer, advocated a greater differential in the duties between cotton cloth and the finished glove product.

R. M. Miller, Jr., of Charlotte, N. C., for the American Cotton Manufacturing Association, favored specific duties and submitted recommendations for rates substantially lower than in the present law.

Stuart W. Cramer, of Charlotte, N. C., a yarn manufacturer, agreed that from the standpoint of tariff for revenue the rates on cotton yarn were too high. He submitted a schedule of lower duties. Representative Hill brought out that the duties recommended by Mr. Cramer were higher than the protective basis of the tariff.

Mr. Cramer said: "The cotton manufacturing business in many cases lately had been on a basis below cost."

**Expect Reductions.**  
Lewis W. Parker, of Greenville, S. C., a cotton mill owner, suggested, as manufacturer, a schedule of rates with a minimum of 10 per cent on the cheaper cotton cloths and running in many cases below last session's Underwood bill. The schedule suggested, he said, was on the basis that so far as the values of goods appearing to the great masses of people were concerned, "we must expect to make reductions to a considerable amount."

The industry of manufacturing men and boys' cotton gloves could not exist if the tariff were radically reduced, according to A. V. Victorious, of New York, who urged as a compromise a specific rate of 40 cents a dozen pieces, and 25 per cent ad valorem with 3 per cent less ad valorem duty each year for three years. The present tariff is 50 cents a dozen and 45 per cent ad valorem.

Representatives of the shirt manufacturing industry asked that no material be made in the present duty of 20 per cent ad valorem.

P. J. Lyall, of Passaic, N. J., opposed any material reduction in the rates on the fabrics, but after he had given the figures of consumption and importation. Chairman Underwood said the rate now was not competitive and would be cut. He suggested the feasibility of 30 per cent.

**Parker's Suggestions.**  
The examination of W. L. Parker, of Greenville, S. C., ranged over the whole cotton industry. He contended that the greater part that labor plays in any particular fabric, the less able the manufacturer were to meet foreign competition. He said that fifteen years ago when he went into business there were about 4,000,000 spindles, while today there were 12,000,000, which meant that the committee was due to the high protective tariff.

Mr. Parker said that he had sixteen

A Good Piano  
Cheap!Sale of  
Used  
Pianos

The following USED Pianos, taken in exchange for grands and pianolas, are ready for immediate delivery.

These instruments have been thoroughly overhauled, and are practically good as new. At the prices marked they are real BARGAINS.

**CHASE BROS.**  
Upright style, ebony case, selling when new at \$375; **SALE PRICE..... \$190**

**FREYMAN.**  
Upright style, mahogany case, selling when new at \$350; **SALE PRICE..... \$205**

**KIMBALL.**  
Upright style, oak case, instrument practically new, selling regularly at \$325; **SALE PRICE..... \$220**

Also the following:  
**SCHUBERT.**  
Upright style, ebony case.

**SOHMER.**  
Upright style, mahogany case.  
**STEINWAY.**  
Upright style, ebony case.

We urge an early selection before the more desirable instruments are sold.

**Walter D. Moses & Co.**  
103 East Broad Street.  
Oldest Music House in Virginia and North Carolina.

mills, aggregating 225,000 spindles, and that of his employees one-third were women and one-sixth children above twelve years of age, the legal minimum age. The English mills, he said, were making money with a wide margin, with from 10 to 100 per cent dividends, while the American mills were making very little profit, and he did not regard the cotton business here to-day as prosperous.

Mr. Parker suggested revision on this basis: From 10 to 30 per cent ad valorem according to the fineness of the component yarns, on plain cloths in the grain; 15 to 40 per cent on the finished state; 15 to 40 fancy cloths in the grain, and 20 and 45 on fancy cloths in the grain, and 30 to 45 on jacquard cloths in the grain, and 30 to 45 on jacquard cloths in the grain.

## REPORT MARY GARDEN ENGAGED

**Boston Hears She Is to Wed Vanni Marcoux.**  
Boston, January 22.—Reports are current in grand opera circles here that Vanni Marcoux, baritone of the Boston Opera Company, is engaged to be married to Miss Mary Garden, the prima donna. Marcoux admitted the report, saying that he was engaged to her. It was because of their too literal interpretation of a certain scene in La Tosca during performance here in December that Miss Garden was sent to the opera house by Mayor Fitzgerald. It will be remembered that Miss Garden protested in Chicago recently because the Chicago opera management would not send to Boston for Marcoux to sing "Tosca" with her.

Marcoux this afternoon declined to deny or confirm the report that he is engaged to Miss Garden. When asked if he was engaged, the baritone replied:

"It is true that I am practically engaged to an American singer. Well, is she Miss Garden? Thereupon, Marcoux smiled somewhat mysteriously. But he did say: 'An artist's life is impossible for marriage unless both are artists.'"

**CHICAGO, Ill., January 22.**—"What! Marcoux and I engaged? Perfectly ridiculous," said Vanni Marcoux when told of the report from Boston. "We are simply friends. Absolutely nothing to report. But if you could have started such a story as that, any way? Why, he's engaged to a woman in Boston. I do not know her name and would not tell it if I did."

**SHEDS THIRD SET OF TEETH AT AGE OF 108.**  
Montgomery, Va., January 22.—"Uncle Nathan" Adkins, of Dorothy, who, if he lives until June will be 108 years old, and who has shed his third set of teeth, has an ambition to live until he is 150 years old.

Despite his great age, the old man is as spry as a man of fifty. He marches every day to the Union Commission and draws his daily rations. Mrs. Adkins, the third companion him, but he walks without aid and carries his supply of food home with him. He has a faint recollection of the War of 1812, and is keen as a bird on events in 1812 and 1813.

**STRIKE RAISES POTATO COST.**  
No Cars Reach Boston Because of Bangor & Aroostook Tie-up.  
Boston, Mass., January 22.—An advance of 10 cents a bag on potatoes was made by wholesalers as a result of a threatened shortage by reason of the strike on the Bangor & Aroostook Railroad. No potato cars have been received here since Saturday, and while a few cars are reported on the way, it is expected that receipts will decline materially later in the week unless the strike is settled.

The abundant crop in Aroostook County last year has so far kept the price of potatoes low compared with the shortage prices of last year.

**BOARD HARS MRS. BELMONT.**  
No School Suffrage Speeches on Sunday, Passaic Educators Say.  
Passaic, N. J., January 22.—The Board of Education has gone on record as being opposed to Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont's speaking for equal suffrage here on Sunday. Prominent women of the city, headed by Mrs. Josephine B. Seger, wife of the mayor, petitioned the board for the free use of the High School Auditorium on Sunday, February 2, for addresses by Mrs. Belmont and Mrs. Ida Husted Harper. Mrs. Belmont's address was to be on the aims and accomplishments of the suffrage and the association of which she is president.

"I am opposed to granting the auditorium for a Sunday political meeting," declared President Edwin Flower. The other commissioners felt the same way.

**BIG FISH STOPS A STEAMSHIP.**  
Ward Line Had to Back Away From Mammal It Spotted.  
New York, January 22.—Members of the Ward Line fleet have entered a protest apparently, as impalers of big sea creatures. The Havana recently spotted a shark on the Florida coast and had a time getting the monster free.

The sharks arrived yesterday from the Florida coast, and the Ward Line fleet had to back away from the monster.

LOVERS PILOTED  
TO HIS RIVALSBristol's Marrying Parson  
Charges There Is Conspiracy  
Against Him.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
Bristol, Va., January 22.—"The Shylocks are after me," said the Rev. Alfred H. Burroughs, keeper of the Bristol Greta Green, where upwards of five thousand young runaway couples have been married in two decades.

By this he meant that representatives of rival ministers were busy in their efforts to rob him of a business which he counts distinctively his own. He told of a number of incidents since the first of the month in which young couples who had started for his mecca for lovers had been turned aside by designing individuals and piloted to other ministers. "And I am told," said the aged parson, "that graft is being practiced upon the unsuspecting couple victims. One fellow, I am told, boarded an outgoing train, met an incoming train two stations east, found young couples aboard, and taking them into his confidence, frightened them by telling them that the officers in Bristol were lying in wait to grab them. He then proposed, as it has been represented to me, to pilot the couple safely past the officers and to a minister. After collecting \$1 for this, which was not necessary, for the officers were not looking for this couple, he stood by and witnessed the ceremony, after which he demanded another fee. This, it seems, is the method that have been adopted to undermine me."

Parson Burroughs declared he would appeal to the railway officials for protection against such methods. He has lost a number of couples through the persistence of agents for other ministers in the last week or two.

The Bristol post-office, now about to be divided by the establishment of a separate office at the Virginia Hotel, shows a splendid business for the year 1912, for a city of 15,000 population. The total receipts from January 1, 1912, to December 31, 1912, were \$58,011.89, exclusive of the money-order department. In the money-order department for the same period there were issued 7,517 domestic orders, which totaled, including fees, \$44,333.32; foreign orders, fees included, amounted to \$1,543.37. Money orders issued by the Bristol office for the same period totaled \$73,429, amounting to \$77,771.40. For the month of December, orders paid, totaled \$43,316.08, being the largest amount paid in any one month in the history of the Bristol office. This was an average of 435 orders paid per day for the month.

A first mortgage, given by the Watauga Power Company for \$400,000 to the New York Trust Company and Mortimer N. Becker, trustee, has just been recorded in Bristol. This mortgage is to protect the buyers of the bonds of the Watauga Company to the amount of \$400,000. The company is engaged in constructing its hydro-electric plant on the Watauga River, near Elizabethton, Tenn., and is reserving \$100,000 of the proceeds of the bond sale for contemplated improvements.

The company is equipped with current for lighting and power, and has leased power to the Tennessee Eastern Electric Company, and transmitting lines are now being extended to Johnson City. The company is also equipped with current for lighting and power, and has leased power to the Tennessee Eastern Electric Company, and transmitting lines are now being extended to Johnson City.

**ADDRESS BY W. L. SHAFFER.**  
Tells Board of Trade How to Boost Blacksburg.  
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Blacksburg, Va., January 22.—W. L. Shaffer, secretary of the Roanoke Chamber of Commerce, made an address before the Board of Trade of Blacksburg, Va., on the subject of "How to Boost Blacksburg." He was invited to make the address by the president of the board, Dr. S. W. Fletcher. Mr. Shaffer took as his subject "How to Boost Blacksburg." He was invited to make the address by the president of the board, Dr. S. W. Fletcher.

At the business meeting earlier in the evening reports were made by several committees that had been appointed to look into the matter of getting a Western Union telegraph office for Blacksburg, lower rates of insurance consequent on the installation of a water works, and the question of how best to advertise the advantages that Blacksburg has to offer as a place of residence and location for business.

The Blacksburg Board of Trade has only been in existence a few months, but there has been a steady increase in membership and interest.

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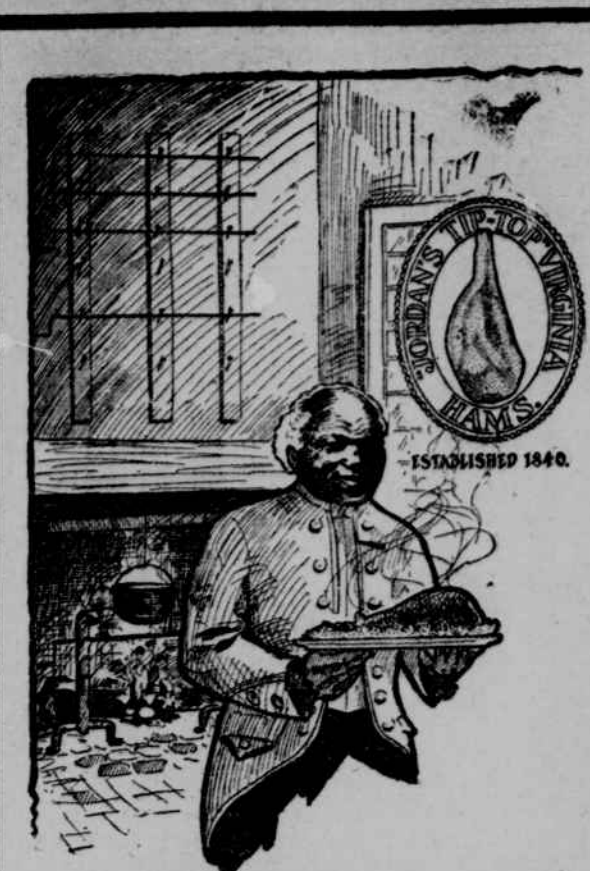
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John W. Goode,  
Richmond Grocery Co.,

A. Eichel & Co.,  
Geo. A. Hundley,  
Stiegler & Co.,

Geo. McD. Blake Co.,  
Hay & West,  
Hermann Schmidt,

J. E. Eubank,  
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WILSON'S TRUST PLANLawyer Holds That Proposed  
Legislation Is Contrary to  
Laws of Nature.

New York, January 22.—Francis Leedy Steynson, the lawyer, who has taken a prominent part in the organization of many of the largest industrial corporations of the United States, in giving his views on the seven anti-trust bills which Governor Wilson has proposed to the New Jersey Legislature, proposed for passage in the assembly, expressed his opposition on the ground that they were not only contrary to his own views, but to the laws of nature in England.

Mr. Steynson went still further into the subject by quoting from an article in the following: "The laws of nature are not only contrary to his own views, but to the laws of nature in England."

Antitrust laws have been enacted in more than two-thirds of the States, and the Sherman antitrust law and legislation supplementary thereto passed by Congress. The penalties—civil and criminal—imposed by such laws often are more severe than those directed against offenses involving infractions of the Ten Commandments or the laws of nature.

Juries hesitate to enforce such penalties personally against officers of the very same corporations whose practices they are willing to condemn. Laws of some kind are necessary to regulate the activities of corporations, but after centuries of unsatisfactory operation were swept away by the repeated enactment of prohibited acts had come to be considered as favorable to the development of the country.

No form of business or social activity is comparable in importance with the activities of corporations. Until such laws shall be modified so as to apply in respect of evil practices rather than the mere possession of such practices, a modus vivendi must be established. In the meantime, it cannot be gained that, for the common good, a check upon the growth and development of corporate enterprise.

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Steynson's address was upon the necessity of checking and correcting the evils of corporate management. These evils are twofold—those inflicted upon the members of the corporation and those inflicted upon the outside public.

As to the first class, the deleterious effects of corporations is that as may be practiced by any trustee or officer of a corporation, it is that such breaches of trust the law of corporations and the correction by courts of equity and by criminal courts are far more speedy and more comprehensive than usually obtain in cases of personal trust.

For the protection of such overzealous agents against themselves, for the protection of superior officers and directors who have no desire to be compromised or misrepresented by their subordinates, for the security of innocent and unsuspecting stockholders; for protection against corporate wrongs of the second class, those against the public, no

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A chapter of United Daughters of the Confederacy has been organized at Spotsylvania Courthouse with the following officers: president, Mrs. R. D. Waller, first vice-president, Mrs. T. W. Dew, second vice-president, Mrs. R. D. Chewing, corresponding secretary, Mrs. T. A. Frazer, recording secretary, Mrs. C. R. Anderson, treasurer, Mrs. A. H. Crismon, and Mrs. S. Coleman.

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Keynote "Anti" Estimate One Woman in 25 Wants Vote.  
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**DROPS DEAD WHEN FOURTH HUSBAND DESERTS HER.**  
Marion, O., January 22.—A moment after being deserted by her fourth husband, who had stopped long enough to say "good-by," Ada Dutt, aged forty,

It's Large  
in the Curing

The process by which Jordan's Tip-Top Virginia Hams are cured dates back to the time of the founding of Virginia. It was originated by the Indians and improved upon by the Colonists. It is a slow process, depending entirely upon the natural action of sugar, salt, spices and smoke to ripen and flavor the ham. The time and care it takes makes it an expensive process, but by no other means can ham be rendered so delicious—the meat firm, though tender, and peculiarly savory. These hams are one year old, and have reached the perfection of flavor before they are placed on the market. Virginia hams are celebrated the world over, but there are none to compare with

## Jordan's "Tip-Top" Virginia Hams

They are a little higher in price than some, but are actually the most economical you can buy, for every particle of the meat is eatable and delicious. Equally good hot or cold.

Your dealer sells them. Ask him to send you one, and learn how truly enjoyable ham can be. Better get your order in promptly for fear he runs short—the demand usually exceeds the supply.

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